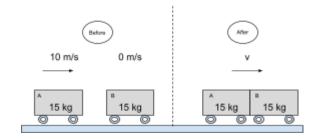
Our Dynamic Universe



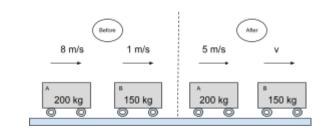
Momentum & Collisions

1) Using conservation of momentum determine the speed of the two trolleys after the collision.

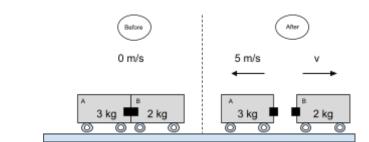
a)



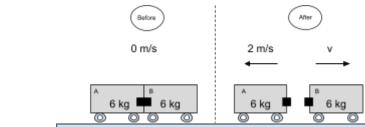
b)

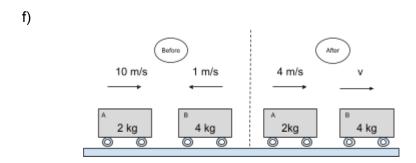


c)

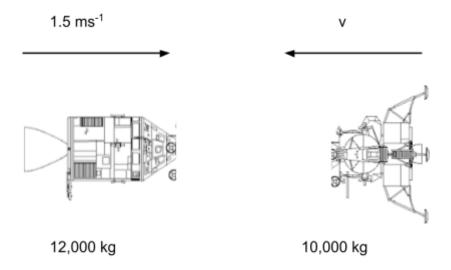


d)



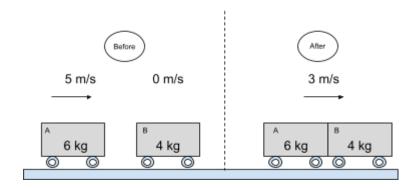


2) During the Apollo Moon missions in the 1970s the lunar module on the left and the command module on the right approached each other as shown.

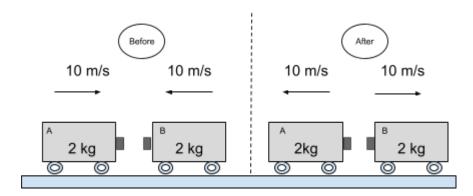


- a) Determine the speed of the lunar module so that after they join together (dock) the combined speed will be zero.
- b) Find the change of momentum of the command module.
- c) Find the change of momentum of the lunar module.
- d) Compare both changes of momentum.

3) Two trolleys collide and stick together as shown in the diagram below.



- a) Show that momentum is conserved.
- b) Calculate the total kinetic energy before and after the collision. State whether the collision is elastic or inelastic.
- 4) Two trolleys with magnets attached are travelling in the opposite direction collide and are repelled apart as shown in the diagram below.



- a) Show that momentum is conserved in the collision.
- b) Determine if the total kinetic energy is conserved in the collision
- c) State the type of collision that has occurred.